

How Do We Get More Energy Out Than What We Put In?

Some people ask the question, “How do you get more energy out of the **Atom Exciter Energy Field** than you are putting in?” The answer is not what some people think is over unity. We don’t think that is possible, because energy has to come from energy. However, we are and can get much more energy out than we are using to run the generator that produces the **Atom Exciter Energy Field**. How is this?

The generator only produces a small amount of energy called electricity. Electricity is an invisible force that is produced from one electrode or gas torch to the other in the open air. The air is full of atoms, 78% nitrogen, 21% oxygen, and 1% argon, moisture, and other gases. The **Atom Exciter Energy Field** gets an enormous amount of energy by exciting the atoms of not only oxygen, but also the nitrogen. Much more energy has been added, but it came from the air.

When we add argon to the **Atom Exciter Energy Field** we get even more energy from the atoms of the argon. When helium is introduced into the **Atom Exciter Energy Field** we get at least six times more energy from the atoms of the helium. Again, the energy comes from the argon and helium or other gases. But we noticed that the gases become part of the **Atom Exciter energy Field** which then requires more energy input from the generator and the motor driving it.

Next, whatever we put into the **Atom Exciter Energy Field** produces even more energy. For instance, it takes 10,400° F to turn tungsten into energy. Our **Atom Exciter Energy Field** is still generating only a few watts of energy, but we get an enormous amount of energy out. It is far more than 10,000° F because the energy is coming from the tungsten, but does not require more input energy from the generator. If we put in graphite, the atoms are excited and start to vaporize or turn into energy higher than is known to man at this time.

Where did this additional energy come from? Not from the input energy, but from the graphite, thousands and thousands of degrees. However, the **Atom Exciter Energy Field** is now able to produce more and more energy output, but does not require more input energy.

When we experimented with Americium 241 we found we can turn radioactive material into energy, no doubt more energy than could be imagined. Who knows how much energy we could get out, but without more input energy?

As a simple illustration, suppose a person tried to drive a large tent stake into the ground with all of his own strength. He would find that he needs more energy. So he gets a hammer that weighs 6 lbs. with a 20” long handle and tries to drive in the stake with all of his strength. He has some success, but still is having a hard time doing it. He then gets a 12 lbs. hammer with a 36” handle. Again, using all of his strength he gets more energy out with the larger hammer. This is how we are able to get more energy by using other material, getting its energy, and putting it to work. This is not over unity since energy comes from energy. It is a way to get more energy and put it to work. Do you know any other way to get more energy out of a plasma arc than you are putting in?